
Index

Abandonment

- of property, 118–122
- of trade marks, 118, 122–143

Actavis Pty Ltd v Orion Corp

- rights of non-exclusive licensees in, 158–165

Anticommons effects

- of patent thickets, 7

Australia

- extra-territorial jurisdiction in IP disputes, 38
- jurisdiction in IP disputes, 41–42, 44–45

Australian Law Reform Commission

- recommendation for US fair use model, 84–88, 97

Australia-US Free Trade Agreement (AUSFTA)

- fair use as a counter to copyright-maximalism of, 84–85, 90, 94

Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works

- safe harbour scheme in relation to, 107–109

Blockchain technology

- automated copyright licensing using, 151–153
- challenging CMOs, 153–155
- copyright registration systems based on, 144–146
- DRM using, 149–151
- effect on copyright law, 144–157
- impact on orphan works, 156

Blocking effects

- of patent rights, 7

Book review

- The Commercial Appropriation of Fame*, 32–34

Bristol-Myers Squibb Co v Apotex Pty Ltd (BMS)

- rights of non-exclusive licensees in, 158–165

Canada

- extra-territorial jurisdiction in IP disputes, 38, 43, 46–47

Case law

- regarding online IIC, 58–62

Collective management organisations (CMOs)

- blockchain technology challenging, 153–155

The Commercial Appropriation of Fame: A Cultural Analysis of the Right of Publicity and Passing Off

- book review, 32–34

Common law ownership

- of trade marks, 126–131, 134–140, 142–143

Copyright law

- adoption of a US model of fair use, 83–96, 98–106
- application of the three-step test to safe harbours, 107–114
- automated copyright licensing using blockchain technology, 151–153
- blockchain technology challenging CMOs, 153–155
- copyright registration systems based on blockchain platforms, 146–149
- DRM using blockchain technology, 149–151
- effect of blockchain technology on, 144–157
- exceptions vs limitations, 109–112
- impact of blockchain technology on orphan works, 156
- nature of a “good” system, 26
- standards vs rules, 86–87

Copyright tribunal

- adoption of a US model of fair use, 83–96

Designs

- nature of a “good” system, 26

Digital rights management (DRM) systems

- using blockchain technology, 149–151

Economic issues

- relationship to IP, 23–31

Evidence

- criteria for, 30

Extra-territorial orders

- regarding enforcement in IP disputes, 38–50

Fair dealing

- compared to fair use, 98–99
- exceptions for, 84

Fair use

- adoption of a US model of, 83–96, 97–106
- compared to fair dealing, 98–99
- social utility as a reason for exceptions, 104–106
- standards vs rules, 86–87

Federal Court Rules 2011 (Cth)

- “starting” vs “joining” proceedings under, 163

Francis Gurry Lecture on Intellectual Property

- by Pippa Hall, 3, 23–31

Gender imbalance

- in the patent attorney profession, 64–78

Goodwill

- trade marks and, 124–126, 131–134, 136–137, 139–143

Google

- IIC on, 52–57, 60–63

Hague Judgments Convention

- on extra-territorial jurisdiction in IP disputes, 38, 47–50

Hall, Pippa

- Francis Gurry Lecture on Intellectual Property, 23–31

Hargreaves Review (UK)

- results of, 28–30

High Court decisions

- D’Arcy v Myriad Genetics*, 5
- on obviousness test, 10

IIC see Initial interest confusion**Initial interest confusion**

- critique of online IIC doctrine, 51–63

Innovation

- IP system and, 24–25

Intellectual property

- jurisdiction in global enforcement, 38–50
- nature of a “good” system, 23–31

International law

- application of the three-step test to safe harbours, 107–114
- copyright under, 83–96
- Hague Judgments Convention, 38, 47–50

Internet see Online material**Inventive step test**

- stringency of, 9–10, 18

‘Invisible’ marks

- trade mark law on, 51–63

Israel

- fair use exceptions in, 88

Jurisdiction

- in global IP enforcement, 38–50

Licensing

- automated copyright licensing using blockchain, 151–153
- markets for, 104–106
- rights of non-exclusive licensees in patent infringement proceedings, 158–165

Method patents

- increasing importance, 14–18

Multi-jurisdictional IP disputes see Jurisdiction**New Zealand**

- jurisdiction in IP disputes, 41
- loss and re-ownership of registered trade marks in, 118–143

Objects clause for patent law

- recommended, 8–9

Online material

- effect of blockchain technology on copyright law, 144–157
- safe harbour scheme for, 107–114
- use of trade marks in, 51–63

Orphan works

- impact of blockchain technology on, 156
- licensing of, 29

Passing off

- of trade marks, 124–126, 132–133, 137–143

Patent attorneys

- gender imbalance, 64–78

Patent rights

- blocking effects of, 7
- nature of a “good” system, 25–26
- proposed reforms, 3–22
- rights of non-exclusive licensees in patent infringement proceedings, 158–165

Patents Act 1990 (Cth)

rights of non-exclusive licensees in patent
infringement proceedings under, 158–165

Pharmaceutical industry

patent rights in, 11–13

Productivity Commission

recommendation for US fair use model, 97, 99
review of IP, 3–22

Promise Doctrine (Canada)

abolition of, 19

Property ownership

comparison to trade mark ownership, 118–143
non-use and abandonment of, 119–122

Raising the Bar reforms

effects of, 10–11

**Registered trade marks *see* Trade mark law;
Trade mark registration****Safe harbours**

analysing as limitations or exceptions,
110–112
application of the three-step test to, 107–114

Subject matter

patentability of, 14–18

Technological change

demands placed on IP by, 4–22

Trade agreements *see* TRIPS Agreement**Trade mark law**

abandonment of trade marks, 118, 122–143
common law ownership of trade marks,
126–131, 134–140, 142–143
critique of online IIC doctrine, 51–63
goodwill regarding trade marks, 124–126,
131–134, 136–137, 139–143
loss and re-ownership of trade marks, 118–143
loss of ownership under registered trade mark
law, 122–124

nature of a “good” system, 26–27
passing off, 124–126, 132–133, 137–143
reasons for non-use causing loss of ownership,
136–139
reconciling loss of ownership for registered
and unregistered trade marks, 139–140

Trade mark registration

abandonment of registered trade marks, 118,
122–143
goodwill regarding registered trade marks,
124–126, 131–134, 136–137, 139–143
impact of common law ownership on re-
ownership, 126–129, 134–136, 142–143
loss and re-ownership of registered trade
marks, 118–143
loss of ownership under registered trade mark
law, 122–124
passing off as a barrier to, 124–125, 132–133,
137, 143
reconciling loss of ownership for registered
and unregistered trade marks, 139–140

Trade secrets

preferred to patent law, 20–21

Trans-Pacific Partnership

IP provisions in, 4–22

TRIPS Agreement

safe harbours under, 109, 111–112

United Kingdom

IP law reform in, 28–30
jurisdiction in IP disputes, 40–42

United States

adoption of fair use model of, 83–96,
97–106
extra-territorial jurisdiction in IP disputes,
38–42, 46–47
IIC doctrine, 51

Utility criterion

patent rights, 18–19

