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THE AUSTRALIAN LAW JOURNAL

Volume 79, Number 7

July 2005

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RECENT CASES - Editor: Mr Justice P W Young AO What is a "further step" in a court proceeding? Valuation of shares Gift of boat 422 Corporations: Delinquent directors must confess 422 "Failing agreement" 423 Mortgagee's rights of subrogation 424 **ARTICLES** WORKPLACE RELATIONS ACT, s 170LW: PRACTICAL ISSUES ARISING IN PRIVATE ARBITRATION Chris Jessup QC Acting as a private arbitrator to settle disputes arising under federal industrial agreements has recently become a significant activity for members of the Australian Industrial Relations Commission. This article considers some of the practical issues which arise, and have the potential to arise, with respect to the procedural and determinative powers of the DEFENCE OF SUPERIOR ORDERS REVISITED **Christopher Staker** A recent article in this Journal dealt with the question of whether members of armed forces who are charged with criminal conduct are able to plead as a defence that they were acting under the orders of a superior. The purpose of this article is to describe certain significant recent developments in international law relating to this question. It considers the present status of the defence of superior orders in relation to crimes under international law in the statutes of various international criminal courts and tribunals, including the International Criminal Court, the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, and the Special Court for Sierra Leone, as well as in national legislation enacted in a number of

DETERRENCE IN SENTENCING: HANDLE WITH CARE

Jeremy McGuire

A consideration of deterrence in sentencing is fairly ubiquitous. Deterrence is a standard	
feature of State and Commonwealth legislation and has its counterpart in New Zealand	
law. The ostensible rationale for deterrence is to control criminal behaviour. Its ideal	
manifestation takes the form of an effective warning or threat to potential defendants	
about the consequences of offending and that sanctions can both be expected and imposed	
following a successful prosecution. Deterrence is a controversial subject. There is plenty of empirical evidence that suggests that it is ineffective. It might also be justifiably criticised on moral grounds. This article attempts to critically analyse the elusive concept	
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ISSN 0004-9611

Typeset by Lawbook Co., Pyrmont, NSW Printed by Ligare Pty Ltd, Riverwood, NSW