# AUSTRALASIAN DISPUTE RESOLUTION JOURNAL

Volume 20, Number 3

August 2	2009
----------	------

gust 2000	
CASENOTES	
Powers of arbitrators and arbitration media watch	137
ARTICLES	
Mediation styles and their impact: Lessons from the Supreme and County C Victoria research project – Tania Sourdin and Nikola Balvin	Courts of
What do disputants want in a mediation process and what do they get? How process shape disputant perceptions and outcomes? This article explores research various mediation processes used in court related mediations in the Supreme and Courts of Victoria, Australia. The article comments on both mediator and perceptions of the process, and cross-contextual comparisons are made with resolution processes examined in previous research studies. Additional articles research report comment on a range of other matters including the costs and time mediation, the role of legal representatives and the search for enhanced quediation and dispute resolution practice.	n into the d County l litigant n dispute s and the e taken in uality in
Settlement at all cost: The high price of an inexpensive resolution? – $Mark\ J$	Rankin
For some time now Australian courts have actively promoted the settlement of thereby implicitly discouraging their adjudication. As to why settlement is to be to litigation, the courts' policy appears to be primarily justified on the basis that so is the less expensive option. This article questions whether this is sufficient justific promoting settlement at the expense of adjudication, and raises issues with the policy generally.	preferred ettlement cation for e courts'
Culturally sensitive mediation: The importance of culture in maccreditation – Siew Fang Law	ediation
Culture is particularly relevant to mediation practice because it shapes the wa view conflict and how they deal with disputes within the justice system. The explores the implications of culture for mediation practice, training and standard the Australian context. The recent inclusion of cultural sensitivity in the Practice S for the new National Mediation Accreditation System raises a number of interesting of development. The article draws from the feedback and recommendations gat the International Mediation Institute as a guide to implement the National Maccreditation System. The author also explores ways to develop relevant and	is article setting in Standards ng issues hered by Mediation

(2009) 20 ADRJ 133

cross-cultural mediation training. 162

# Preserving a facilitative process in family dispute resolution – Mieke Brandon

Recent amendments to family law regulations mean that family dispute resolution practitioners will be required to demonstrate their skills, knowledge and attitudes in line with a facilitative approach to dispute resolution for separating or separated parents. This article concentrates on the "facilitative" aspects of this requirement, and sets out the elements of what competencies may be considered facilitative. Two case studies are used as an exercise to address practitioners' understanding and reflection of how they might use a dispute resolution process to facilitate an outcome.	172
Philosophical answers to ethical questions: Power imbalance and the provision of advice in mediation standards – $Jonathon\ Friedrich$	
In the practice of mediation, ethical questions concerning power imbalances and the provision of advice in mediation have been left unanswered. The standards provided by the National Mediator Accreditation System mark a worthy step in the right direction, however, they do not go far enough. This article argues that ethical questions should be answered not only by reference to the fundamental values of the mediation profession, but also by reference to the philosophical disposition of our society.	179
BOOK REVIEWS  Alternative Dispute Resolution by Tania Sourdin	193 194

134 (2009) 20 ADRJ 133

# Submission requirements

All contributions to the journal are welcome and should be emailed to the Production Editor, *Australasian Dispute Resolution Journal*, at LTA.adrj@thomsonreuters.com for forwarding to the Editor.

#### Licences

It is a condition of publication in the journal that contributors complete a licence agreement. Licence agreements can be
downloaded at <a href="http://www.thomsonreuters.com.au/support/as\_contributors.asp">http://www.thomsonreuters.com.au/support/as\_contributors.asp</a> and emailed with the submission or mailed
separately to the Production Editor, <a href="https://australasian\_Dispute Resolution Journal">Australasian\_Dispute Resolution Journal</a>, Thomson Reuters (Professional) Australia
Limited, PO Box 3502, Rozelle, NSW 2039.

#### Letters to the Editor

By submitting a letter to the Editor of this journal for publication, you agree that Thomson Reuters, trading as Lawbook
Co, may edit and has the right to, and may license third parties to, reproduce in electronic form and communicate the
letter.

#### Manuscript

- Manuscript must be original, unpublished work that has not been submitted or accepted for publication elsewhere, including for online publication.
- Personal details (name, qualifications, position) for publication and a delivery address, email address and phone number must be included with the manuscript on a separate page.
- Manuscript must be submitted electronically via email in Microsoft Word format.
- Manuscript should not exceed 4,000 words for articles or 1,500-2,000 words for section commentary or book reviews.
- An abstract of 100-150 words must be included at the head of articles.
- Authors are responsible for the accuracy of case names, citations and other references. Proof pages will be emailed to contributors but excessive changes cannot be accommodated.
- Graphics (diagrams and graphs) to be grayscale; in .jpeg format; no more than 12 cm in width; within a box; of high resolution (at least 300 dpi); font is to be Times New Roman, no more than 10pt. The heading for a graphic should be placed outside the box.

#### Peer review

• This journal complies with the Higher Education Research Data Collection (HERDC) Specifications for peer review. Each article is, prior to acceptance, reviewed in its entirety by a suitably qualified expert who is independent of the author.

#### Style

- 1. Levels of headings must be clearly indicated (no more than four levels).
- 2. Unpointed style is to be used there are no full stops after any abbreviation or contraction.
- 3. Cases:
  - Where a case is cited in the text, the citation follows immediately after the case name, not as a footnote.
  - · Authorised reports must be cited where published, and one other reference can be used in addition.
  - For "at" references use media-neutral paragraph numbers within square brackets whenever available.
  - For international cases best references only should be used.
- 4. **Legislation** is cited as follows:
  - Trade Practices Act 1974 (Cth), s 51AC (including in full within footnotes).
- 5. Books are cited as follows:
  - Ross D, Ross on Crime (3rd ed, Lawbook Co, Sydney, 2006) pp 100-101.
  - In footnotes do not use ibid or op cit. Repeat author surname and add footnote reference to first mention.
  - <sup>1</sup> Hayton D, "Unique Rules for the Unique Institution, The Trust" in Degeling S and Edelman J (eds), *Equity in Commercial Law* (Lawbook Co, Sydney, 2005) p 284.
  - <sup>2</sup> Hayton, n 1, p 286.
- 6. Journals are cited as follows:
  - Kirby M, "The Urgent Need for Forensic Excellence" (2008) 32 Crim LJ 205.
  - · In footnotes do not use ibid or op cit. Repeat author surname and add footnote reference to first mention.
  - <sup>3</sup> Trindade R and Smith R, "Modernising Australian Merger Analysis" (2007) 35 ABLR 358.
  - <sup>4</sup> Trindade and Smith, n 3 at 358-359.
  - · Wherever possible use official journal title abbreviations.
- 7. **Internet references** are cited as follows:

Ricketson S, *The Law of Intellectual Property: Copyright, Designs and Confidential Information* (Lawbook Co, subscription service) at [16.340], <a href="https://www.thomsonreuters.com.au/default.asp">http://www.thomsonreuters.com.au/default.asp</a> viewed 25 June 2007. Underline the URL and include the date the document was viewed.

(2009) 20 ADRJ 133

### SUBSCRIPTION INFORMATION

The Australasian Dispute Resolution Journal comprises four parts a year.

Customer service and sales inquiries:
Tel: 1300 304 195 Fax: 1300 304 196
Web: www.thomsonreuters.com.au
Email: LTA.Service@thomsonreuters.com

Editorial inquiries: Tel: (02) 8587 7000

## HEAD OFFICE 100 Harris Street PYRMONT NSW 2009 Tel: (02) 8587 7000 Fax: (02) 8587 7100



© 2009 Thomson Reuters (Professional) Australia Limited ABN 64 058 914 668

Lawbook Co.

Published in Sydney

ISSN 1441-7847

Typeset by Thomson Reuters (Professional) Australia Limited, Pyrmont, NSW

Printed by Ligare Pty Ltd, Riverwood, NSW

136 (2009) 20 ADRJ 133